

TUM

TUG. *n. f.* [from the verb.] Pull performed with the utmost effort.

Downward by the feet he drew

The trembling daffodil at the tug he falls,

Vast ruins come along, rent from the smoking walls. *Dryd.*

TUGGER. *n. f.* [from tug.] One that tugs or pulls hard.

TUTOR. *n. f.* [from tutor, Lat.] Guardianship; superintendent care; care of a guardian or tutor.

A folly for a man of wisdom, to put himself under the tuition of a beast.

They forcibly endeavour to cast the churches, under my care and tuition, into the moulds they have fashioned to their designs.

If government depends upon religion, this shews the pestilential design of those that attempt to disjoin the civil and ecclesiastical interests, setting the latter wholly out of the tuition of the former.

When so much true life is put into them, freely talk with them about what most delights them, that they may perceive that those under whose tuition they are, are not enemies to their satisfaction.

TULIP. *n. f.* [tulipa, Fr. tulipa, Lat.] A flower.

It hath a lily flower, composed of six leaves, shaped somewhat like a pitcher; the point of the middle of the flower is surrounded with stamens, and afterwards becomes an oblong fruit, which opens into three parts, and is divided into three cells, full of plain seeds, resting upon one another in a double row. To these may be added a coated root, with fibres on the lower part. The properties of a good tulip, according to the characteristics of the best florists of the present age, are, 1. It should have a tall stem. 2. The flower should consist of six leaves, three within, and three without, the former being larger than the latter. 3. Their bottom should be proportioned to their top; their upper part should be rounded off, and not terminate in a point. 4. The leaves when opened should neither turn inward nor bend outward, but rather stand erect; the flower should be of a middling size, neither over large nor too small. 5. The stripes should be small and regular, arising quite from the bottom of the flower. The chives should not be yellow, but of a brown colour. They are generally divided into three classes, viz. precoces, or early flowers; media's, or middling flowers; and serotines, or late flowers. The early blowing tulips are not near so fair, nor rise half so high as the late ones, but are chiefly valued for appearing so early in the spring. Their roots should be taken up and spread upon mats in a shady place to dry; after which they should be cleared from their filth, and put up in a dry place until the season for planting.

The tulip opens with the rising, and shuts with the setting sun.

Why tulips of one colour produce some of another, and running thro' all, still escape a blue. *Brown's Vulgar Errors.*

TULIPTREE. A tree.

To **TUMBLE.** *v. n.* [tumber, Fr. tomeler, Dutch; tombolare, Italian.]

1. To fall; to come suddenly to the ground.

Of nature's germs tumble all together,

Answer me. *Shakespeare.*

2. To fall in great quantities tumultuously.

When riches come by the course of inheritance and testaments, they come tumbling upon a man. *Bacon.*

To stand or walk, to rise or tumble,

As matter and as motion jumble. *Prior.*

Sisyphus lifts his stone up the hill; which carried to the top, it immediately tumbles to the bottom. *Addison's Spectator.*

3. To roll about.

I saw at the bottom of one tree a gentleman bound with many garters hand and foot, so as well he might tumble and toils.

Gloster stumbled, and in falling struck me

Into the tumbling billows of the main. *Shakespeare. Rich. III.*

4. To play tricks by various vibrations of the body.

Reform our sense, and teach the men to obey;

They'll leave their tumbling, if you lead the way. *Rowe.*

To **TUMBLE.** *v. a.*

1. To turn over; to throw about by way of examination.

When it came to the ears of Maximilian, and tumbling it over and over in his thoughts, that he should at one blow be defeated of the marriage of his daughter and his own, he lost all patience.

A man by tumbling his thoughts, and forming them into expressions, gives them a new fermentation, which works them into a finer body.

They tumbled all their little quivers o'er,

To chafe propitious shafts. *Prior.*

2. To throw by chance or violence.

The mind often sets itself on work in search of some hidden ideas; though sometimes they are rouzed and tumbled out of their dark cells into open day-light by some turbulent passions.

Locke's Works.

3. To throw down.

Wilt thou still be hammering treachery,

To tumble down thy husband and thyself,

From top of honour to disgrace's feet? *Shakespeare.*

King Lycurgus, while he fought in vain,

His friend to free, was tumbled on the plain. *Dryden.*

If a greater force than his holds him fast, or tumbles him down, he is no longer free.

TUMBLE. *n. f.* [from the verb.] A fall.

A country-fellow got an unlucky tumble from a tree; why,

says a passenger, I could have taught you a way to climb, and never hurt yourself with a fall. *L'Estrange.*

TUMBLER. *n. f.* [from tumble.] One who shews postures by various contortions of body, or feats of activity.

What strange agility and activeness do common tumblers and dancers on the rope attain to by continual exercise?

Nic. bounced up with a spring equal to that of the nimblest tumblers or rope-dancers.

Never by tumbler thro' the hoops was shown,

Such skill in passing all, and touching none. *Pope.*

TUMBLER. *n. f.* [tumber, Fr. tumber, Lat.] A dungcart.

Twifallow once ended, get tumbrel and man,

And compass that follow as soon as ye can. *Tuff. Hops.*

My corps is in a tumbrel laid, among

The filth and ordure, and inclos'd with dung;

That cart arreft, and raise a common cry,

For sacred hunger of my gold I die. *Dryden.*

What shall I do with this beastly tumbrel? go lie down and sleep, you fool.

To convince the present little race how unequal all their measures were to an antediluvian, in respect of the insects which now appear for men, he sometimes rode in an open tumbrel.

TUMFACTION. *n. f.* [tumfactio, Lat.] Swelling.

The common signs and effects of weak fibres, are paleness, a weak pulse, tumefactions in the whole body.

To **TUMFY.** *v. a.* [tumfy, Lat.] To swell; to make to swell.

I applied three small causticks triangular about the tumfy joint.

A fleshy excrescence, exceeding hard and tumfy, imposed to demand extirpation.

TUMID. *adj.* [tumidus, Lat.]

1. Swelling; puffed up.

2. Protuberant; raised above the level.

So high as heav'd the tumid hills, so low

Down sunk a hollow bottom broad and deep,

Capacious bed of waters. *Milton.*

3. Pompous; boastful; puffy; falsely sublime.

Though such expressions may seem tumid and aspiring, yet cannot I scruple to use seeming hyperboles in mentioning felicities, which make the highest hyperboles but seeming ones. *Boyle.*

TUMOUR. *n. f.* [tumour, Lat.]

1. A morbid swelling.

Tumour is a disease, in which the parts recede from their natural state by an undue increase of their bigness.

Having dissected this swelling vice, and seen what it is that feeds the tumour, if the disease be founded in pride, the abating that is the most natural remedy.

2. Affected pomp; false magnificence; puffy grandeur; swelling mien; unsubstantial greatness.

His stile was rich of phrase, but seldom in bold metaphors; and so far from the tumour, that it rather wants a little elevation.

It is not the power of tumour and bold looks upon the passions of the multitude.

TUMOROUS. *adj.* [from tumour.]

1. Swelling; protuberant.

Who ever saw any cypress or pine, small below and above, and tumorous in the middle, unless some diseased plant.

2. Fastuous; vainly pompous; falsely magnificent.

According to their subject, these styles vary; for that which is high and lofty, declaring excellent matter, becomes vast and tumorous, speaking of petty and inferior things.

His limbs were rather sturdy than dainty, sublime and almost tumorous in his looks and gestures.

To **TUMP.** among gardeners, to fence trees about with earth.

To **TUMULATE.** *v. n.* [tumulo, Lat.] To swell. This seems to be the sense here, but I suspect the word to be wrong.

Urinous spirits, or volatile alkalies, are such enemies to acid, that as soon as they are put together, they tumulate and grow hot, and continue to fight till they have diarmed or mortified each other.

TUMULOUS. *adj.* [tumulosus, Lat.] Full of hills.

TUMULOUSITY. *n. f.* [tumulositas, Lat.] Hilliness.

TUMULT. *n. f.* [tumultus, Fr. tumultus, Lat.]

1. A promiscuous commotion in a multitude.

A tumult is improved into a rebellion, and a government overturned by it.

With irrevel taunts each other they oppose,

Till in loud tumult all the Greeks arose. *Pope.*

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3. To throw down.

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2. A

As when a spark

Fits on a heap of powder, laid

Fit for the tum, some magazine to store

Against a rumour'd war. *Milton.*

2. A pipe; the measure of two hogheads.

Any large quantity proverbially.

I have ever follow'd thee with hate,

Drawn tuns of blood out of thy country's breast. *Shakespeare.*

4. A drunkard. In burlesque.

Here's a tun of midnight-work to come,

Of from a treason-tavern rolling home. *Dryden.*

5. The weight of two thousand pounds.

A cubick space in a ship, supposed to contain a tun.

6. Dryden has used it for a perimetrical measure, I believe without precedent or propriety.

A tun about was every pillar there;

A polish'd mirror shone not half so clear. *Dryden.*

To **TUN.** *v. a.* [from the noun.] To put into casks; to barrel.

If in the must, or wort, while it worketh, before it be tunned,

the burrage stay a time, and be often changed with fresh, it will make a sovereign drink for melancholy.

The same fermented juice degenerating into vinegar, yields an acid and corroding spirit. The same juice tunned up, arms itself with tartar.

Boyle's Works.

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TUN

2. A multitude put into wild commotion.

3. A stir; an irregular violence; a wild commotion.

What stir is this? what tumults in the heavens?

Whence cometh this alarm and this noise? *Shakespeare.*

Tumult and confusion all embroil'd. *Milton.*

This piece of poetry, what can be nobler than the idea it gives us of the supreme Being thus raising a tumult among the elements, and recovering them out of their confusion, thus troubling and becoming nature.

TUMULTUOUSLY. *adv.* [from tumultuary.] In a tumultuary manner.

TUMULTUOUSNESS. *n. f.* [from tumultuary.] Turbulence; inclination or disposition to tumults or commotions.

The tumultuaries of the people, or the factiousness of prebys, gave occasion to invent new models. *K. Charles.*

TUMULTUARY. *adj.* [tumultuary, Fr. from tumult.]

1. Disorderly; promiscuous; confused.

Perkin had learned, that people under command used to consult, and after to march in order, and rebels contrariwise; and observing their orderly, and not tumultuary aiming, doubted the world.

My followers were at that time no way proportionable to hazard a tumultuary conflict. *K. Charles.*

Is it likely, that the divided atoms should keep the same ranks in such a variety of tumultuary agitations in that liquid medium. *Glauk. Scip.*

2. Reflex; put into irregular commotion.

Men who live without religion, live always in a tumultuary and reflex state. *Atterbury's Sermons.*

To **TUMULTUATE.** *v. n.* [tumultuare, Lat.] To make a tumult.

TUMULTUATION. *n. f.* [from tumultuare.] Irregular and confused agitation.

That in the found the contiguous air receives many strokes from the particles of the liquor, seems probable by the sudden and eager tumultuation of its parts. *Boyle's Works.*

TUMULTUOUS. *adj.* [from tumult; tumultuous, Fr.]

1. Put into violent commotion; irregularly and confusedly agitated.

The strong rebuff of some tumultuous cloud

Hurried him aloft. *Milton.*

His dire attempt; which nigh the birth

Now rowling, boils in his tumultuous breast,

And like a devilish engine back recoils

Upon himself. *Milton's Parad. Lost.*

The vital blood, that had forsook my heart,

Returns again in such tumultuous tides,

It quite o'ercomes me. *Addison's Cato.*

2. Violently carried on